Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission

An industry leader in workers' compensation



What is workers' compensation?



Workers Compensation

Workers' Compensation is a mandatory insurance requirement under Virginia law, which requires every employer who regularly employs more than two workers, part-time or full-time, to carry workers' compensation insurance coverage. This coverage may provide benefits to workers who are injured on the job or develop an occupational disease during their employment.

The Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission acts as the court system and administers the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act. The Commission does not pay benefits.



What is covered?



Occupational Disease

A disease arising out of and in the course of employment, but not an ordinary disease of life to which the general public is exposed outside of the employment.

It is not a condition of the neck, back, or spinal column.



Ordinary Disease of Life

A disease that the general public is exposed to outside of the employment may be covered as an occupational disease...

If you can show that:

it did not come from sources outside of work
it arose out of and in the course of employment
and was caused by conditions specific to the employment.

There is a higher burden of proof- clear and convincing evidence.



- Must result in an "injury"
 - Medical question = structural or mechanical change in body
- Specific event/Happen at a reasonably definite time
- Occur at work or during a work function
 - Time and place
 - Also called "in course of your employment"
- Be caused by a specific work activity
 - "arising out of" the employment
 - Actual risk of the employment



Just for Public Safety Officers

Generally- Law Enforcement, Correctional Officers, Firefighters



Injury by Accident due to Weather

If weather conditions constitute a particular risk of employment, and you can show that your injury arose out of and in the course of employment, absent any misconduct, the injury by accident will be compensable.



For Firefighters, Police and Sheriff

Presumptions



Presumption: Hypertension or Heart Disease

If you have worked five years or more as a firefighter, police officer, or sheriff...

Hypertension or heart disease

Will be presumed to be occupational diseases suffered in the line of duty if you have suffered some sort of impairment or wage loss as a result of the disease.



Presumptions



Presumption: Covid-19

COVID-19

shall be presumed to be an occupational disease suffered in the line of duty, if you some sort of impairment or wage loss as a result of the disease between July 1, 2020 and December 31, 2021, AND...



Presumption: Covid-19

COVID-19 ALSO

it was...

- diagnosed by a licensed physician after
- a by a presumptive positive test or a lab confirmed test, and
- you had signs and symptoms of COVID-19 that required medical treatment.



If you have a documented occupational exposure to blood or body fluids

Hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV

shall be presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of duty if you have suffered some sort of impairment or wage loss as a result of the disease..



Just for Firefighters

Presumptions



Presumption: Hypertension or Heart Disease

Respiratory Diseases

Will be presumed to be occupational diseases suffered in the line of duty if you have suffered some sort of impairment or wage loss as a result of the disease.



Presumption: Cancers

If you have worked five years or more as a firefighter...

Leukemia or pancreatic, prostate, rectal, throat, ovarian, breast, colon, brain, testicular, bladder or thyroid cancer.

Will be presumed to be occupational diseases suffered in the line of duty if you have suffered some sort of impairment or wage loss as a result of the disease .

The presumption only applies for colon, brain, or testicular cancer, if it was diagnosed after July 1, 2020 and for bladder and thyroid cancer, if it was diagnosed after July 1, 2023.



PRESUMPTION BUTS

Exceptions



PRESUMPTION - BUT #1

If you were asked to get a pre-employment physical, you had to have gotten the pre-employment physical

- (i) Before making any claim that will rely on the presumption,
- (ii) performed by a physicians of the employer's choice,
- (iii) included the lab work required by the employer, and
- (iv) found you free of whatever respiratory diseases, hypertension, cancer or heart disease at the time of the examination.



All of these presumptions can be rebutted (meaning that it will no longer be presumed to arise out of and in the course of employment) if evidence shows that the disease is not caused by employment and that there is a non-work related cause.



What can you get?

Benefits



Benefits Potentially Available- Medical Benefits

Medical treatment that is reasonable, necessary, authorized and causally-related, such as...

- Doctor's visits
- Hospitalization
- Physical therapy
 - Medical tests
 - Prescriptions
 - Prosthetics
 - Mileage



Benefits Potentially Available- Lost wages

BENEFITS AVAILABLE FOR A COMBINED TOTAL OF 500 WEEKS

Temporary total disability (TTD)-wage loss replacement while completely out of work due to the injury.

Temporary partial disability (TPD)-wage loss replacement while working light duty or earning less money due to the injury

Permanent Partial disability (PPD) compensation for loss of use of a body part, amputation, disfigurement/bodily scarring, loss of hearing, loss of vision or lung disease

Death Benefits -payment/reimbursement of funeral/transportation expenses or wage loss replacement for surviving spouse, children, or certain other dependents.



Benefits Potentially Available- Lost Wages

BENEFITS AVAILABLE FOR REMAINDER OF LIFE

Permanent Total disability (PPD)- wage replacement when an individual loses both hands, arms, feet, legs, eyes, or any two extremities in the same accident or compensable consequence of the accident to the extent that they cannot use those extremities in gainful employment, or is paralyzed or disabled from a severe brain injury.



How Are Benefits Determined?

Everything based on your Average Weekly Wage (AWW)

This is usually calculated by adding your wages for the 52 weeks before your injury or diagnosis, divided by 52.

For example: if you earned \$57,200 in the 52 weeks before your injury, your average weekly wage would be \$1,100.00.



Compensation rate

The amount of compensation to which the injured worker is entitled by an award from the Commission for temporary total, permanent total, and permanent partial disability benefits.

2/3 of the average weekly wage

(multiply your average weekly wage by .66667)

\$1100 x .66667 = \$733.33- compensation rate



Temporary Partial Disability

If you are working, but earning less than your average weekly wage...

the compensation rate is calculated by taking the difference between your pre-injury average weekly wage and the current weekly wage you are earning at the new job, and multiplying that amount by .66667.

If you are earning \$500 per week after the injury, then your temporary partial disability rate would be

\$1100- \$500= \$600 x .66667 = \$400.00 per week.



VWC Calculator App

The Commission has an online calculator you can use to assist in calculating the lost wage and permanent partial disability benefits owed.

https://calculators.workcomp.virgi nia.gov/calculators/index.html

Welcome to the VWC Calculator Application

Choose one of the calculators below to get started.

Basic Calculator
Multiple Period Calculator
Lump Sum Calculator
Interest Calculator
COLA Calculator



FYI- Looking for a job ...

Job Search Requirements

- If you are not under an award AND
- You have light duty work restrictions, AND
- You are not working or are working, but asking for an increase in your benefits,
- You are required to look for a job.



Marketing Guidelines

- Register with Virginia Employment Commission
- Look for at least 5 jobs per week where you have a reasonable belief that there is a job you can do within your restrictions
- If appropriate, check with your Employer
- Keep a record of your searches.



Vocational Rehabilitation

If you are under an award, and have an ability to work, you can ask for help finding a job. Even if you do not ask, the Employer can assign a vocational counselor to help you find a job.

Death Benefits

REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL P

- •Burial expenses up to \$10,000
- •Transportation expenses up to \$1,000
- Benefits to a spouse and/or dependent children under the age of 18 and under 23 years old if enrolled in an accredited educational institution.
- Dependents can include spouse, children (including step-children, legally adopted children and acknowledged illegitimate children, but not married children) and parents in destitute circumstances (including stepparents and parents by adoption)





For temporary total, permanent total, or death benefits

You are entitled to a cost of living (COLA) increase beginning October 1st of each year as long as:

- 1. your date of injury was before July 1 of that year, and
- 2. your compensation rate and Social Security Disability Benefits are less than 80% of your pre-injury earnings.

Cost of living increases must be specifically requested by the injured worker.



Post Traumatic Stress Disorder

A separate way to claim for Firefighters and Law Enforcement



Law Enforcement and Firefighters: PTSD

Statute enacted in 2020 PTSD is compensable if:

- 1. A mental health professional
- 2. Diagnoses you with PTSD,
- 3. Resulting from a qualifying event,
- 4. That occurred in the line of duty.



Law Enforcement and Firefighters : PTSD

Qualifying event means an event that occurred after July 1, 2020, AND

- a. resulted in serious bodily injury or death, OR
- b. involved a minor who was been injured, killed, abused or exploited, OR
- c. involved an immediate threat to your life or the life of someone else, OR
- d. involved mass casualties, OR
- e. occurred while responding to crime scenes for investigation.



Law Enforcement and Firefighters : PTSD

OTHER REQUIREMENTS

The firefighter complied with OSHA standards;

The qualifying event was a substantial factor in causing the PTSD;

Another event or source of stress was not the primary cause of the PTSD; and

The PTSD did not result from any disciplinary action, work evaluation, job transfer, layoff, demotion, promotion, termination, retirement, or similar action of the firefighter.



Law Enforcement and Firefighters: PTSD- BENEFITS

Benefits include medical treatment, temporary total and temporary partial benefits.

* Benefits only last for 52 weeks from the date of diagnosis.

TTD or TPD plus retirement benefits, Social Security benefits, and long term or short disability benefits cannot exceed the average weekly wage.

Benefits, whether medical or lost wages, have to be awarded within four years of the date of the qualifying event.



How to get benefits





Injury by Accident

Occupational Disease

30 Days

60 days



File a Claim Form with the Commission

Filing a Claim is the responsibility of the injured worker.

Even if the employer has paid lost wages or provided medical care, it is still the employee's responsibility to file a claim with the Commission. If no claim is filed with the Commission or no award entered, the employer may stop paying medical expenses or wage loss at any time.



Jurisdiction Claim Number (JCN)		
		Claim Administrator Number
njured Worker Information		Employer Information
lame		Name of Company
Address		Address
City	State Zip Code	City State Zip Code
Primary Phone	Gross Weekly Earnings	Employer's Phone
Injury		
Date of Injury* Where Injury	Occurred (City or County)	Parts of Body Injured
*If claiming an occupational disease Name of Occupational Disease D	ate last worked for employe	
Request for Benefits		
Lifetime Medical Award (coverage fo	r related medical expenses)	
Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar		
From: To:		
Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar From: To:		
Compensation for Permanent Loss (
	a second the second	g Amputation Hearing/Vision loss Lung disease
Payment/reimbursement for the follo		ical records, itemized bills, receipts, or filleage log).
Payment/reimbursement for the follo Medical bills Mileage		criptions
Payment/reimbursement for the follo Medical bills Mileage Death benefits to dependents and/or	/Transportation Pres	scriptions

File a Claim

An original claim for benefits shall be in writing, signed and should set forth:

- 1. Employee's name and address;
- 2. Employer's name and address;
- 3. Date of accident or date of communication of occupational disease;
- 4. Nature of injury or occupational disease;
- 5. Benefits sought: temporary total, temporary partial, permanent total, permanent partial or medical benefits;
- 6. Periods of disability, if appropriate.



Time Limits to File the Claim- Injury

Generally, an employee must file a claim with the Workers' Compensation Commission within two years from the date of the accident.

There are many exceptions to this timeframe.



Time Limits to File the Original Claim- Occ. Disease

Generally, claims for an occupational disease must be filed within two years from the date of diagnosis and discovering that the disease is work related, or five years from the date the employee was last exposed to the work condition causing the disease, whichever is sooner.

There are exceptions to this timeframe.



Time Limits to File- Firefighters and Cancer

Claims for cancer covered by the presumption must be filed within two years from the date the doctor tells the employee the disease is work related, or ten years from the date the employee was last exposed to the work condition causing the disease, whichever is sooner.

The claim shall be barred once the employee is 65 years of age or older, regardless of date of diagnosis, communication, or last injurious exposure.

Change in Condition Claims

If after returning to work, things change and you again start to lose time from work, or you need additional medical treatment related to the work injury that is being denied, you must file a claim within two years of the date for which you were last paid compensation under an award. (This is generally known as a "change in condition" application).

As always, there may be exceptions.

Be aware that, the Commission can only award benefits up to 90 days before the change in condition is filed.



Access your claim online. weblie.w	orkcomp.virginia.gov	
Jurisdiction Claim Number (JCN)		Claim Administrator Number
njured Worker Information		Employer Information
Name		Name of Company
Address		Address
City	State Zip Code	City State Zip Code
Primary Phone	Gross Weekly Earnings	Employer's Phone
Injury		
Date of Injury* Where Injury	Occurred (City or County)	Parts of Body Injured
Name of Occupational Disease D	ate last worked for employe	r Date doctor stated the disease was caused by work
	and the second second second	
Request for Benefits		
I need assistance obtaining the follow		its are denied, this form will serve as a hearing request.
	r related medical expenses)	Iy out of work):
I need assistance obtaining the folloo Lifetime Medical Award (coverage fo Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar From:To:	r related medical expenses) y Total Disability - Complete	ly out of work): g From: To: continuing
I need assistance obtaining the folloo I Lifetime Medical Award (coverage fo Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar From: To: Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar	r related medical expenses) y Total Disability - Complete continuin y Partial Disability - Partially	ly out of work): g From: To: continuing out of work/light duty):
I need assistance obtaining the folloo I Lifetime Medical Award (coverage fo Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar From:	r related medical expenses) y Total Disability - Complete continuin y Partial Disability - Partially continuin	ly out of work): g From: To: continuing out of work/light duty): g From: To: continuing
I need assistance obtaining the folloo I Lifetime Medical Award (coverage fo Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar From:	r related medical expenses) y Total Disability - Complete continuin y Partial Disability - Partially continuin Permanent Partial Disability	ly out of work): g From: To: continuing out of work/light duty): g From: To: continuing);
I need assistance obtaining the folloo I Lifetime Medical Award (coverage fo Wage Loss Replacement (Temporar From:	r related medical expenses) y Total Disability - Complete continuir y Partial Disability - Partially continuir Permanent Partial Disability Disfigurement/Scarrin	ly out of work): g From:To:continuing out of work/light duty): g From:To:continuing); gAmputationHearing/Vision lossLung disease
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File a Change in Condition with the Commission

A change in condition claim must be in writing and state the change in condition relied upon. A copy of the claim should be sent to the employer.



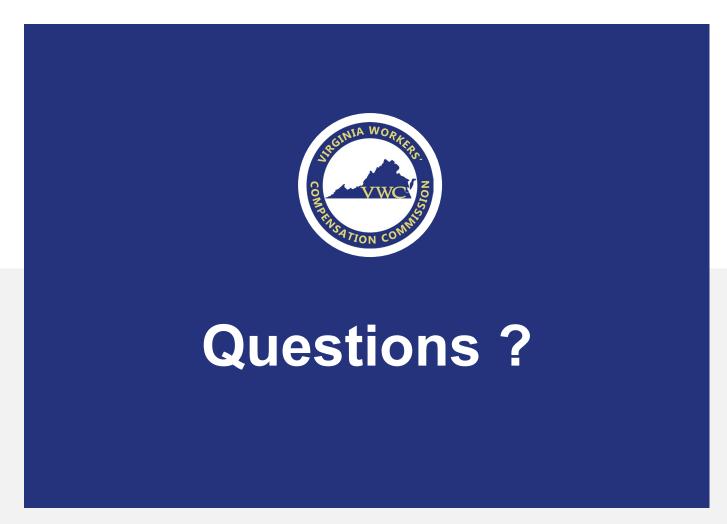


It is the injured workers' job to keep up with the claim.





It is the injured workers' job to prove that the benefits claimed are causally related to the work injury or occupational disease.



"

What are the roles of the different parties involved in workers' compensation claims, ie. LODA, VRS and WCC...who pays what and how is it administered?

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Virginia Workers Compensation Commission

The Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission works as a court system, administering the workers' compensation laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Commission is not an advocate for injured workers and does not make payments on claims. The Commission can:

- Inform the injured worker of their rights and responsibilities under the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act
- Explain the process for filing a claim
- Informally resolve benefit disputes through Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)
- Serve as a resource by providing educational information about various workers' compensation processes



Virginia Retirement Systems

Administers life insurance, severance, retirement, military leave benefits, and death in service benefits (which is a lump-sum payment of the balance in your member contribution account)

VRS also handles purchase of prior service credits, long term care benefits, VRS Disability Retirement, Virginia Local Disability Program, and Virginia Sickness and Disability Program.

If you have questions about VRS, or disability retirement, contact your human resource office or call VRS toll-free at 888-827-3847.

https://www.varetire.org/





The Virginia Line of Duty Act (LODA), provides benefits to eligible family members of eligible employees killed in the line of duty and to eligible employees disabled in the line of duty and their eligible family members.

VRS administers all eligibility determinations for LODA benefits and also issues benefit payments. 1-888-827-3847 (request LODA Support), loda@varetire.org

The Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM) administers the LODA Health Benefits Plans. 888-642-4414, loda@dhrm.virginia.gov



Additional Questions?

If you have specific questions about an injury or disease, you should contact an attorney. If you do not have an attorney and have questions, you can contact the Ombuds Department at 833-448-1681 or ombuds@workcomp.virginia.gov.